MEITO CO.,LTD.

Medium-Term Management Plan

MEITO CHALLENGE 2026

1. Review of MEITO CHALLENGE 2023

The growth strategy centered on brand enhancement proved effective, and net sales increased by 24.8% compared to FY2019 to ¥24.4 billion. For reference, if the sales of Oimoya Co., Ltd. (¥2.1 billion for FYE9/2023), which became a subsidiary in the final fiscal year of the medium-term management plan, are included, consolidated net sales exceed the plan target of ¥26.0 billion.

However, profits fell short of the target due to the impact of higher-than-anticipated soaring raw material and energy costs, among other factors.

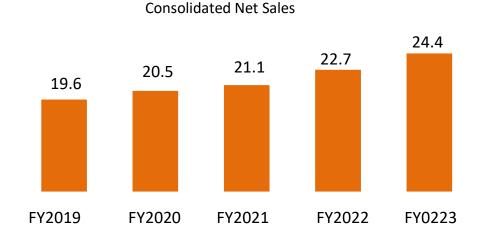
Growth in sales and profit

CHALLENGE 2023 Plan

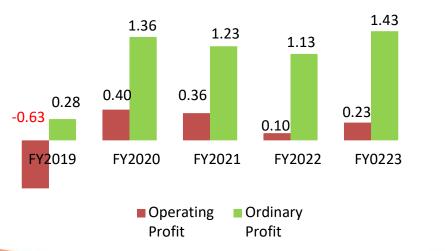
- Consolidated net sales for FY2023: ¥26.0 billion
- Consolidated operating profit for FY2023: ¥0.8 billion
- Consolidated ordinary profit for FY2023: ¥1.6 billion

CHALLENGE 2023 Actual

- Consolidated net sales for FY2023: ¥24.4 billion
- Consolidated operating profit for FY2023: ¥0.23 billion
- Consolidated ordinary profit for FY2023: ¥1.43 billion



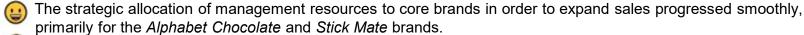
Consolidated Operating Profit/Ordinary Profit (billions of yen)



1. Review of MEITO CHALLENGE 2023

Brand Enhancement

[Food Business]



With regard to generating sales for new brands manufactured at the new factory, pocket-sized products contributed to sales, but challenges remained in brand development.

[Fine Chemicals Business]

Efforts to strengthen sales of high-value-added products, including the development of new applications, successfully captured market needs and contributed to a significant increase in sales and profit.

Improvement of Factory Productivity and Quality

[Food Business]

We reduced the cost of sales ratio by optimizing equipment operation and process systems, although there were some delays in introducing the process system to all factories.

[Fine Chemicals Business]

lmproving productivity through the optimization of manufacturing technology and responding to diversifying quality and performance requirements enhanced productivity for various products, met customer demand, and contributed to increased sales and profit.

Revitalization of the Organization and Personnel

Toward establishing systems to improve employee satisfaction and motivation, training systems were expanded, and telework and flextime systems were introduced to support employee growth and flexible work styles.

To promote utilization of diverse talent, although challenges remain regarding the ratio of female managers, the company appointed female officers and actively promoted mid-career hires. Additionally, diversity forums were held to reform internal awareness.

Business Expansion through M&A, etc. Taking on the challenge of M&A that aims to expand the scale of business and generate profits, we made Oimoya Co., Ltd. (*) a subsidiary, enabling business development that leverages the strengths of both companies.

(* A manufacturing and sales company primarily engaged in e-commerce related to confectionery and sweets, with sweet potatoes as its main product category.)

Efforts to strengthen synergies among Group companies involved initiatives such as employee dispatch, raw material supply, and joint delivery, which led to know-how sharing and cost reductions.

Slogan

Challenge for the future Taking on challenges that create the future

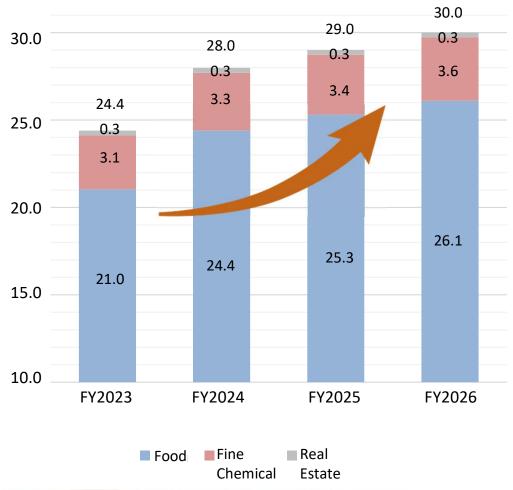
Soncept of the Medium Term Management Plan

- Backcasting mindset contributing to sustainable growth
- Promotion of strategies for optimizing the business portfolio
- Strengthening management that is conscious of human capital, cost of capital, and stock price



Management Targets (Management Indicators)





Consolidated Operating Profit/Ordinary Profit (billions of yen)



ROE and PBR

<Targets for FY2026>

ROE	5% or more	
PBR	1x	

(Net sales are based on current accounting standards.)



Sales Strategy

[Food Business]

 Expand sales by strategically allocating management resources to core brands.

[Fine Chemicals Business]

 Create new demand, including strengthening synergies across Group companies.

- Strengthen promotion of high-value-added products in the global market. (Maintain the top position in global niches.)
- Acquire new customers by developing new applications.

Production Strategy

- [Food Business] Implement DX directly linked to improving safety, quality, and production. (Transition to smart factories.)
 - · Establish a system for increased production through capital investment, personnel reinforcement, and predictive/preventive maintenance.

[Fine Chemicals Business]

Address stricter quality requirements and improve productivity by optimizing manufacturing technology and processes, enhancing facilities, and reinforcing personnel.



Organizational and Personnel Strategy

- Carry out an organizational restructuring and promote communication to enhance organizational capabilities (launching of problem-solving projects, inter-Group company exchanges).
- Enhance (expand) education and reskilling to strengthen human capital, and promote diversity.



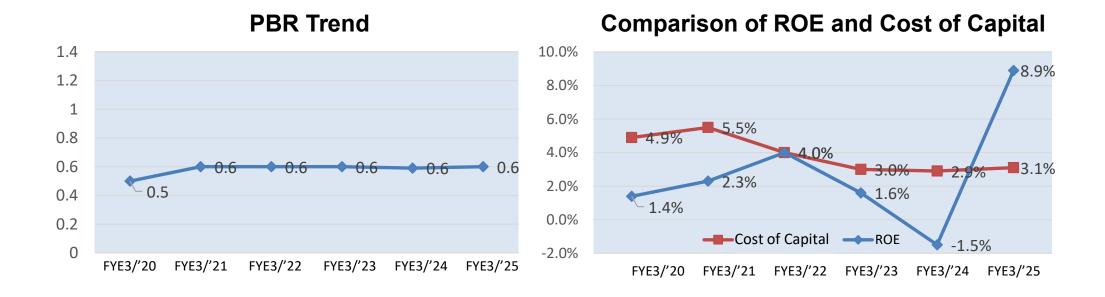
Financial Strategy

- Optimize the business portfolio by reallocating management resources.
 (Improve ROE.)
- Improve capital efficiency and enhance shareholder returns through the acquisition and cancellation of own shares, progressive dividends, etc. (See page 9)

3. (Reference) Management Conscious of Cost of Capital and Stock Price



Current Analysis: Awareness of PBR and Cost of Capital



• The challenges are: (1) improving earning power and capital efficiency, and (2) ensuring continuous and stable shareholder returns.

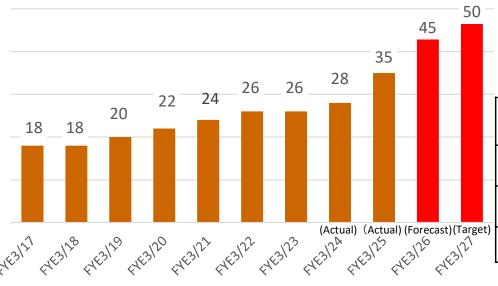
3. (Reference) Management Conscious of Cost of Capital and Stock Price

Initiatives to improve capital efficiency and enhance shareholder returns

Acquisition and cancellation of own shares

The acquisition of a total of ¥2.0 billion in own shares by March 31, 2027 is planned. (All acquired shares are scheduled to be cancelled)

Progressive dividends



Progressive dividends were introduced from FYE3/2025.

Since then, dividends have been increased, taking into account performance trends, business environment, and other factors.

Dividend per share (DPS)

	FYE3/2024 (Actual)	FYE3/2025 (Actual)	FYE3/2026 (Forecast)	FYE3/2027 (Target)	
Announced on May 13, 2024	28	30	35	40	
Announced on February 10, 2025	28	35	40	45	
Announced on October 14, 2025	28	35	45	50	

* The content of this document is based on currently available information and certain assumptions made at the time of its creation. It does not constitute a promise or guarantee that the stated numerical targets, measures, and so forth will be achieved. Future business results and other outcomes may differ from the content of this document due to various factors.